

SOP

FOR ABDOMINAL EXAMINATION DURING PREGNANCY

Definition – Examination of a pregnant women to determine the normalcy of foetal growth in relation to the gestational age, position of the foetus in uterus and its relationship to the maternal pelvis.

Purpose

- 1. To measure the abdominal girth and fundal height
- 2. To determine the Abdominal muscle tone.
- 3. To determine the foetal lie, presentation, position, variety (anterior or posterior) and engagement.
- 4. To determine the possible location of the foetal heart tones.
- 5. To observe the signs of pregnancy.
- 6. To detect any deviation from normal.

Procedure

- Keeps the necessary items for abdominal examination & auscultation of FHS ready (mannequin on table, measuring tape, stethoscope / fetoscope, watch with second hand)
- 2. Wash hands and communicates with patient and instruct the patient to empty the bladder.
- 3. Stand on the right side of the patient.
- 4. Tell the patient that she will be undress from the nipple line to the midthigh
- 5. Observes the abdomen for any scar, size and shape, contour
- 6. Measures the fundal height using ulnar border of left hand. Measures it in weeks as well as in cms.
- 7. Palpate the abdomen
- 8. Fundal grip (to find out pole of the foetus at the fundus)
- 9. Lateral grip (to find out the side of foetal back)
- 10. Pawlik grip (to find out the position of the foetus)
- 11. Pelvic grips (to find out the foetal head engagement)
- 12. Places the fetoscope on the side where foetal back was felt.
- 13. Counts the FHR for 1 minute using watch with second's hand
- 14. Explains findings to mother
- 15. Records findings